# 1AC – Relations

#### Contention \_\_: Relations

#### Taiwan represents a huge sticking point that hampers US/Chinese relations – the plan reverses that

Ponnudurai 11 (Parameswaran, “US Ties with Taiwan Questioned”, 3/11, http://www.rfa.org/english/commentaries/east-asia-beat/security-03312011211454.html)

U.S.-Taiwan relations have come under new focus as several retired military

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relations," Foreign Minister Yang Jiechi told a news conference in early March.

# 1AC – Relations

#### Removing military commitments results in instant improvements in relations

Rigger 11 (Shelly – Brown Professor and chair of political science at Davidson College, AEI, Citing Chas Freeman – China Expert, “Why giving up Taiwan will not help us with China”, 11/29, http://www.aei.org/article/foreign-and-defense-policy/regional/asia/why-giving-up-taiwan-will-not-help-us-with-china/)

In a May 2011 speech at the China Maritime Studies Institute, retired diplomat and

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between Washington and Taipei will be transformed into a cozy ménage à trois.

**Relations are a framing issue – solves a bunch of impacts**

Haass 13

[Richard, President of Council on Foreign Relations, The Irony of American Strategy, May/June 2013, <http://www.cfr.org/middle-east-and-north-africa/irony-american-strategy/p30534>]

Managing U.S.-Chinese relations in such a context will be far from

AND

major regional and global challenges should be a crucial element in the mix.

# 1AC – Relations

#### Taiwan overwhelms all alt causes and prevents US/Chinese military cooperation

Freeman 11 (Chas – Ambassador Chas W. Freeman, Jr. (USFS, Ret.), “Speech Beijing, Washington, and the Shifting Balance of Prestige Remarks to the China Maritime Studies Institute”, 5/10, http://www.mepc.org/articles-commentary/speeches/beijing-washington-and-shifting-balance-prestige)

Antagonistic encounters in China’s near seas are a significant factor in worsening Sino-American

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choice might well strike someone looking afresh at the situation as oddly misguided.

# 1AC – Relations

#### US-China military relations underpin essential cooperation in every hotspot – particularly South Asia and Africa

Holslag 9 (Jonathan, Research Fund Flanders Fellow – Brussels Institute of Contemporary China Studies, “Embracing Chinese Global Security Ambitions”, Washington Quarterly, July, http://www.twq.com/09july/docs/09jul\_Holslag.pdf)

The United States has sent ambivalent signals about this evolution. In its most recent

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balances between the regional powers. How can Washington achieve this delicate balance?

[Continues]

In many other failing states, China and the United States can share the burden

AND

in one sector can be mitigated by continuing to move forward in others.

# 1AC – Relations

#### South Asian terror attacks undermine deterrence --- causes conflicts to escalate.

**Perkovich**, 11/13/**2012** (George – Vice President for Studies at the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, The Non-Unitary Model And Deterrence Stability In South Asia, p. http://carnegieendowment.org/2012/11/13/non-unitary-model-and-deterrence-stability-in-south-asia/eihm#)

Social scientists have observed, of course, that complex systems such as states are

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“Normal” models of deterrence do not hold in such a situation.

#### Indo/Pak war escalates to extinction – models prove

**Hundley**, 9/5/**2012** (Tom – Pulitzer Center staff, Pakistan and India: Race to the End, Pulitzer Center, p. http://pulitzercenter.org/reporting/pakistan-nuclear-weapons-battlefield-india-arms-race-energy-cold-war)

Nevertheless, military analysts from both countries still say that a nuclear exchange triggered by

AND

it, but neither seems able to slow their dangerous race to annihilation.

# 1AC – Relations

#### African conflicts escalate to great power war

Glick 7 (Caroline, Senior Middle East Fellow – Center for Security Policy, “Condi’s African Holiday”, 12-12, [http://www.centerforsecuritypolicy.org/home.aspx?sid=56&categoryid=56&subcategoryid=90&newsid=11568](http://www.centerforsecuritypolicy.org/home.aspx?sid=56&categoryid=56&subcategoryid=90&newsid=11568%29))

US Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice introduced a new venue for her superficial and destructive

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waters of the Nile River which flows through all countries of the region.

#### Goes nuclear

**Lancaster 00** (Carol, Associate Professor and Director of the Master's of Science in Foreign Service Program – Georgetown University, “Redesigning Foreign Aid”, Foreign Affairs, September / October, Lexis)

THE MOST BASIC CHALLENGE facing the United States today is helping to preserve peace.

AND

weapons of mass destruction, these wars could prove more dangerous than ever.

# 1AC – China War

#### Contention \_\_: China War

#### Taiwan war is coming and abandonment is inevitable in the long run – huge flashpoint for conflict

Mearsheimer 14

[John J. Mearsheimer is the R. Wendell Harrison Distinguished Service Professor of Political Science at the University of Chicago, Say Goodbye to Taiwan, March-April 2014, <http://nationalinterest.org/print/article/say-goodbye-taiwan-9931?page=1>]

There is a second reason the United States might eventually forsake Taiwan: it is

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strategic asset. But how long that relationship lasts is an open question.

# 1AC – China War

#### Strategic ambiguity towards Taiwan massively increases the risk of US/China nuclear war and spurs b modernization efforts – only backing away solves the only scenario for conflict

Glaser 11 (Charles – Professor of Political Science and International Affairs and Director of the Institute for Security and Conflict Studies, Elliott School of International Affairs, George Washington University, “Will China's Rise Lead to War? “, April, Foreign Affairs, Vol. 90, Issue 2)

The rise of China will likely be the most important international relations story of the

AND

in joint military exercises and technological cooperation with U.S. allies).

# 1AC – China War

#### Taiwan overwhelms all alt causes – it’s where China places great value

Glaser 11 (Charles – Professor of Political Science and International Affairs and Director of the Institute for Security and Conflict Studies, Elliott School of International Affairs, George Washington University, “Glaser Replies” Response to “Disengaging From Taiwan”, August, Foreign Affairs, Vol. 90, Issue 4)

Shyu-tu Lee's argument hinges on two key claims: that China does not

AND

these decisions, but they have little choice but to adapt to them.

# 1AC – China War

#### Conflict escalates and goes nuclear---no defense

Lowther 13 (William Lowther, Taipei Times, citing a report by the Center for Strategic and International Studies, 3/16/13, “Taiwan could spark nuclear war: report,” <http://www.taipeitimes.com/News/taiwan/archives/2013/03/16/2003557211>)

Taiwan is the most likely potential crisis that could trigger a nuclear war between China

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arsenals, such a conflict would be tremendously dangerous and quite possibly devastating.”

# 1AC – China War

#### Modernization causes Russia-China war

Wilkins 8 (Warren, writer – Center for Threat Awareness, “Pondering China's Military Buildup,” 3-24, http://threatswatch.org/rapidrecon/2008/03/pondering-chinas-military-buil/)

With the latest ominous disclosure of China’s burgeoning military budget - a nearly 18%

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or the newly independent states of Soviet Russia that remain under Russian influence."

#### Tensions are at an all – time high

Keck 13 (Zachary, Associate Editor of The Diplomat. He has previously served as a Deputy Editor for E-IR and as an Editorial Assistant for The Diplomat, Russia Holds Massive Military Drill Aimed at China, Japan, 7/17/13, <http://thediplomat.com/flashpoints-blog/2013/07/17/russia-holds-massive-military-drill-aimed-at-china-japan/>)

Russia is holding its biggest war games since the era of the Soviet Union in

AND

by new anti-China feelings based on a fear of economic threat.”

# 1AC – China War

#### Goes nuclear

Sharavin 1 (Alexander, Russian Military Officer, 10-3, Defense and Security, Lexis)

Chinese propaganda has constantly been showing us skyscrapers in free trade zones in southeastern China

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both, and even against the first frost of a possible nuclear winter.

#### Modernization causes accidental launch

Busch 00 (Nathan, What the Proliferation Debate Has Ignored, 3-18, http://www.arches.uga.edu/~nbusch/ISApaper.pdf)

Although China’s mobile missile system could reduce the chance of a preemptive strike, it

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quite limited, it could encounter difficulties in its development or maintenance programs.

#### Accidents escalate – killing billions

Forrow 98 (Lachlan, MD, et al, “Accidental Nuclear War – A Post-Cold War Assessment”, New England Journal of Medicine, iis-db.stanford.edu/pubs/20625/acciden\_nuke\_war.pdf)

Earlier assessments have documented in detail the problems of caring for the injured survivors of

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estimated that this would result in billions of direct and indirect casualties worldwide.

# 1AC – China War

#### Chinese modernization efforts are increasingly focused on cyber and ASAT tech

Bajoria 9 (Jayshree, staff writer – Council on Foreign Relations, “China's Military Power,” 2-4, http://www.cfr.org/publication/18459/)

As part of this modernization agenda, China is acquiring advanced weapons systems from foreign

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and sea assets, and the networks that support them," he said.

#### Cyber modernization causes conflict escalation – they’ll pre-emptively use it

Yoshihara 1 (Toshi, Research Fellow and the resident expert on security issues in the Asia-Pacific region at the Institute for Foreign Policy Analysis, “Chinese Information Warfare: A Phantom Menace or Emerging Threat?” http://www.iwar.org.uk/iwar/resources/china/iw/chininfo.pdf)

One of the enduring puzzles is how China might employ IW in the event of

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some of which may be decisive in narrowly circumscribed situations [emphasis added].”

#### Grid attacks take out C and C---causes nuclear war

Tilford 12 (Robert, Graduate US Army Airborne School, Ft. Benning, Georgia, “Cyber attackers could shut down the electric grid for the entire east coast” 2012, <http://www.examiner.com/article/cyber-attackers-could-easily-shut-down-the-electric-grid-for-the-entire-east-coa>)

To make matters worse a cyber attack that can take out a civilian power grid, for example could also cripple the U.S. military.¶ The senator notes that is that the same power grids that supply cities and towns, stores and gas stations, cell towers and heart monitors also power “every military base in our country.”¶ “Although bases would be prepared to weather a short power outage with backup diesel generators, within hours, not days, fuel supplies would run out”, he said.¶ Which means military c**ommand** and c**ontrol centers** could go dark.¶ Radar systems that detect air threats to our country **would shut Down completely**.¶ “Communication between commanders and their troops would also go silent. And many weapons systems would be left without either fuel or electric power”, said Senator Grassley.¶ “So in a few short hours or days, the mightiest military in the world would be left scrambling to maintain base functions”, he said.¶ We contacted the Pentagon and officials confirmed the threat of a cyber attack is something very real.¶ Top national security officials—including the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs, the Director of the National Security Agency, the Secretary of Defense, and the CIA Director— have said, “preventing a cyber attack and improving the nation’s electric grids is among the most urgent priorities of our country” (source: Congressional Record).¶ So how serious is the Pentagon taking all this?¶ Enough to start, or end a war over it, for sure (see video: Pentagon declares war on cyber attacks http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_kVQrp\_D0kY&feature=relmfu ).¶ A cyber attack today against the US could very well be seen as an “Act of War” and could be met with a “full scale” US military response.¶ That could include the use **of “nuclear weapons**”,

# 1AC – China War

#### Chinese ASAT development causes space debris

Forden 8 (Dr. Geoffrey, M.I.T. research associate and a former UN weapons inspector and strategic weapons analyst Congressional Budget Office, “How China Loses the Coming Space War”, 1/10, http://blog.wired.com/defense/2008/01/inside-the-chin.html#more )

But if the short term military consequences to the United States are not that bad

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to come, it is clear that diplomacy is in every country's interest.

#### Space debris causes accidental US-Russia nuclear war

Lewis 4 (Jeffrey, Postdoctoral Fellow in the Advanced Methods of Cooperative Study Program, Worked In the Office of the Undersecretary of Defense for Policy, Center for Defense Information, What if Space Were Weaponized? July, http://www.cdi.org/PDFs/scenarios.pdf)

This is the second of two scenarios that consider how U.S. space

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is corrosive to the  conﬁdence that allows national nuclear forces to  operate safely.

# 1AC – China War

#### Binding Congressional role signals measured restraint and checks escalation

Damrosch 97 (Lori Fisler Damrosch, Professor of Law at the Columbia University School of Law, “Use of Force and Constitutionalism”, Columbia Journal of Transnational Law, 36 Colum. J. Transnat'l L. 449, Lexis)

Structural-institutional explanations, on the other hand, point to features of liberal

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war in the form of institutional constraint if not of inherent disposition." n31

[TO FOOTNOTE] n31. Russett, supra note 23, at 39 (

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perception of Spain in 1898), the restraint may fail to take effect.

# 1AC – Solvency

#### Contention \_\_: Solvency

#### Congressional actions is key – only binding restraints access signaling

Scheuerman 12 (William E. Scheuerman, Professor of Political Science and West European Studies at Indiana University, “Review Essay: Emergencies, Executive Power, and the Uncertain Future of US Presidential Democracy”, Law and Social Inquiry, Summer, 37 Law & Soc. Inquiry 743, p. lexis)

Posner and Vermeule rely on two main claims. First, even if the president

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seems like a pale replacement for liberal legalism and the separation of powers.

# 1AC – Solvency

#### It’s true for China – only the plan sends a strong signal that isn’t perceived as bluffing

Yoo 11 (John – Professor of Law, Berkeley Law School, University of California at Berkeley; Visiting Scholar, American Enterprise Institute, “RATIONAL TREATIES: ARTICLE II, CONGRESSIONAL-EXECUTIVE AGREEMENTS, AND INTERNATIONAL BARGAINING”, 2011, 97 Cornell L. Rev. 1, lexis)

In fact, it seems that the United States might be willing to incur audience

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the nature of the signal itself is not important, only the cost.

#### Hard law is key to legal certainty – that’s key to cooperation

Shaffer 11 (Gregory Shaffer, Professor of Law, University of Minnesota Law School, and Mark Pollack, Professor of Political Science and Jean Monnet Chair, Temple University., Sept, ARTICLE: HARD VERSUS SOFT LAW IN INTERNATIONAL SECURITY, 52 B.C. L. Rev 1147)

To effect specific policy goals, state and private actors increasingly turn to legal instruments

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are great but the potential for opportunism and its costs are high." n85

# 1AC – Solvency

#### Obama will comply

Barron 8 (David J Barron, Professor of Law at Harvard Law School and Martin S. Lederman, Visiting Professor of Law at the Georgetown University Law Center, “The Commander in Chief at the Lowest Ebb -- A Constitutional History”, Harvard Law Review, February, 121 Harv. L. Rev. 941, Lexis)

In addition to offering important guidance concerning the congressional role, our historical review also

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the executive branch itself for most of our history of war powers development.

# Plan

#### Text: The United States federal government should substantially increase restrictions on the president’s authority to introduce United States Armed Forces into hostilities between the Republic of China and the People’s Republic of China